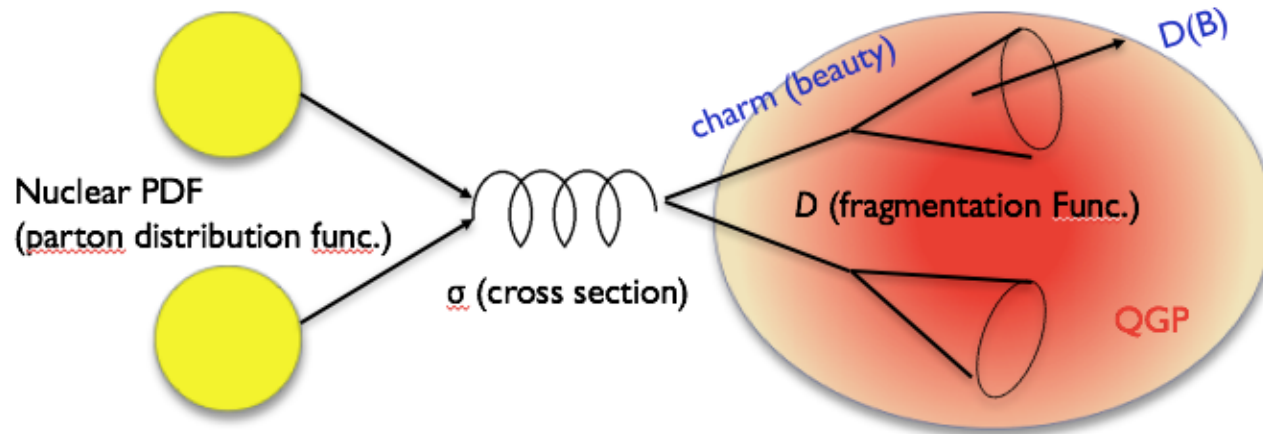


# Heavy flavour production in low $p_T$ at RHIC and LHC

Shingo Sakai (Univ. of Tsukuba)

# Heavy flavour production in heavy-ion collisions



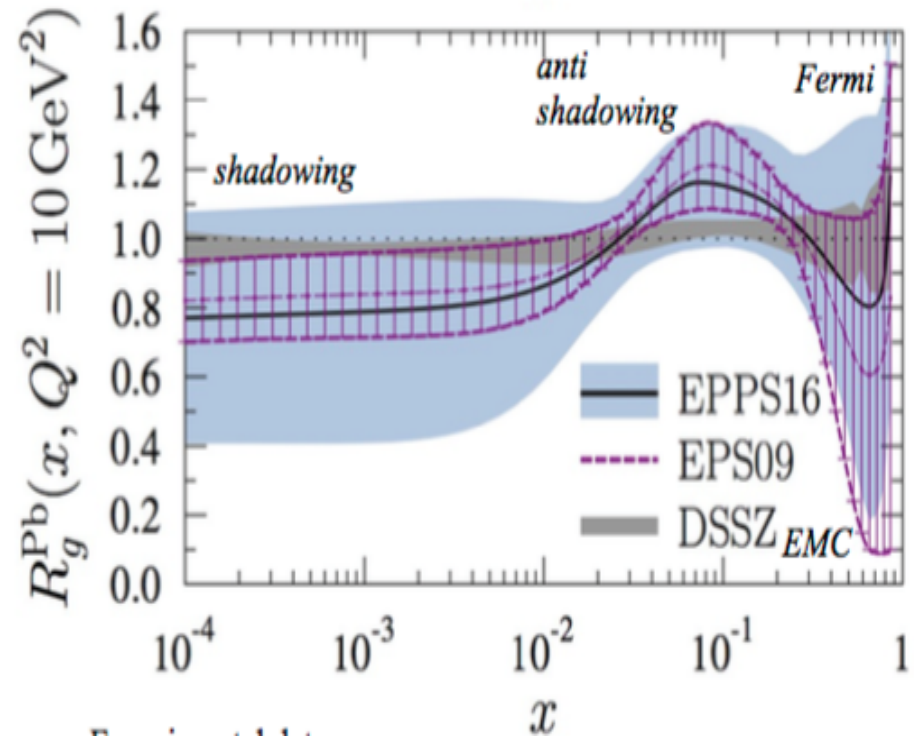
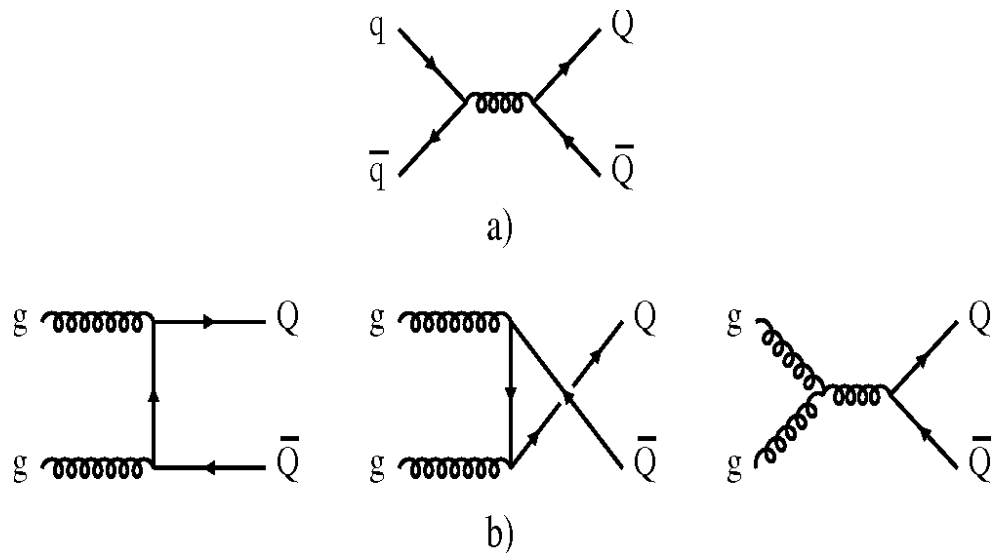
- Heavy flavour (charm & beauty)

- Large mass :  $m_c$  ( $\sim 1.5$  GeV/c),  $m_b$  ( $\sim 4.5$  GeV/c)  $\gg \Lambda_{\text{QCD}}$  (0.2 GeV/c)
  - Produced initial hard partonic scattering processes
    - Cross section calculate by perturbative QCD (pQCD)
- Formation time  $\tau \sim 1/2 m_q \sim 0.07$  fm  $<$  QGP ( $\sim 0.1$ -1 fm)
  - Produce before QGP and go through the medium

- low  $p_T$  heavy-flavour production is sensitive to

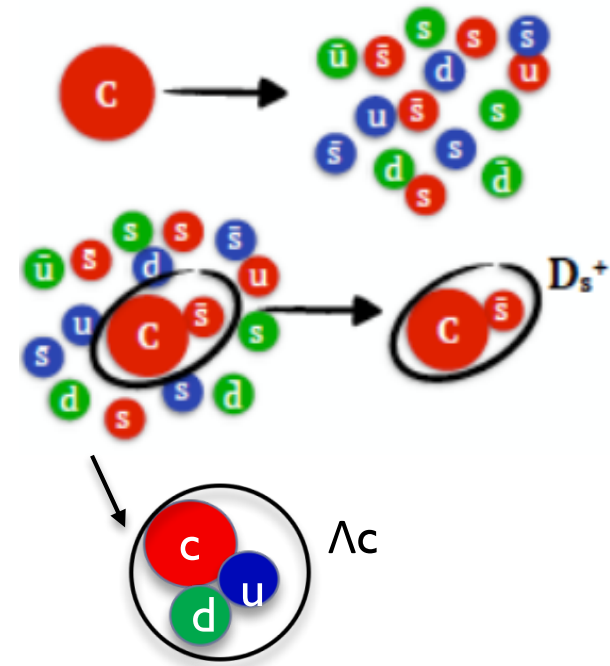
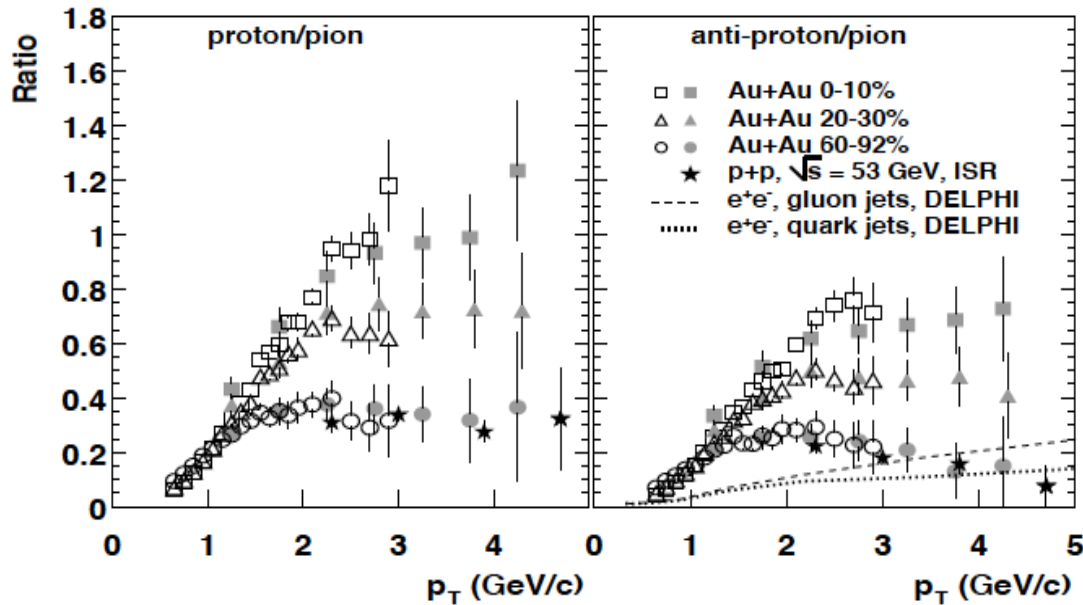
- gluon nuclear PDF
- hadronization (fragmentation vs. recombination)
- energy loss (collisional vs. radiative energy loss) & collective motion  $\Rightarrow$  transport coefficient

# Heavy-flavour production



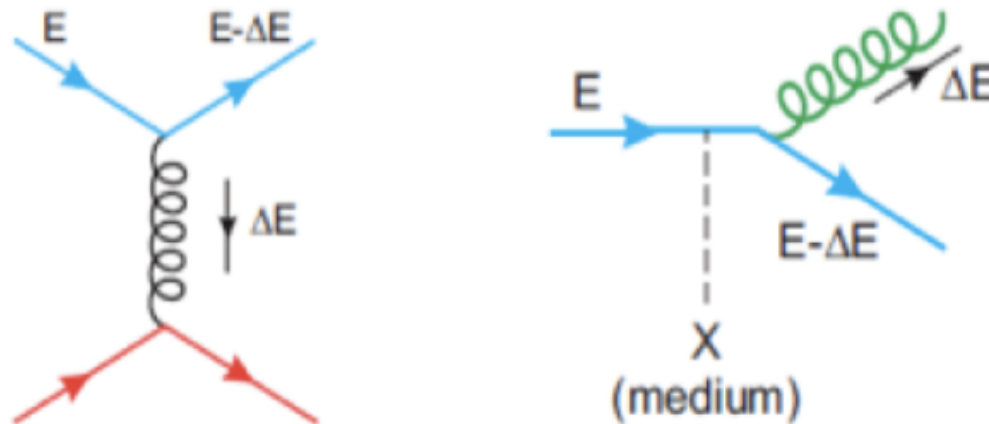
- Heavy flavour production process in LO + NLO
  - Gluon scattering is dominant in high energy
  - > sensitive to gluon nPDF in pA and AA collisions

# Heavy flavours hadronization in QGP



- Hadronization in pp collisions
  - Fragmentation
- Hadronization in QGP
  - Fragmentation + **recombination** (qq→Meson, qqq→Baryons)
    - Observed π, p production
    - Possibly enhance charm (bottom) baryon and D<sub>s</sub> (B<sub>s</sub>)\*
      - \* QGP rich in strange quarks
    - Regeneration of J/ψ

# Heavy flavours energy loss in QGP



- Interaction between heavy flavour and QGP
  - Low  $p_T$  : Elastic scattering -> “collisional energy loss”
  - High  $p_T$  : Gluon bremsstrahlung -> “radiative energy loss”
- Radiative energy loss
  - Smaller energy loss for heavy quark than for light quarks due to “dead cone” effect
  - Bremsstrahlung probability  $\propto 1/(\theta^2 + (m/E)^2)^2$
  - $E_{\text{loss}}(g) > E_{\text{loss}}(u,d,s) > E_{\text{loss}}(c) > E_{\text{loss}}(b)$

# Heavy flavours propagation in QGP

- “Brownian motion“ in QGP

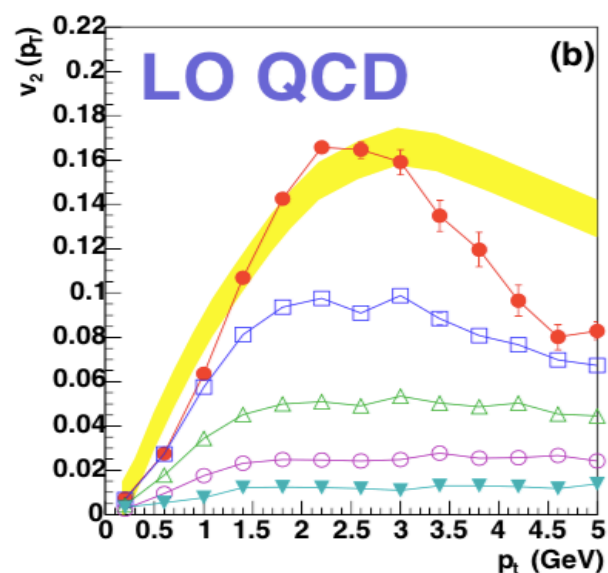
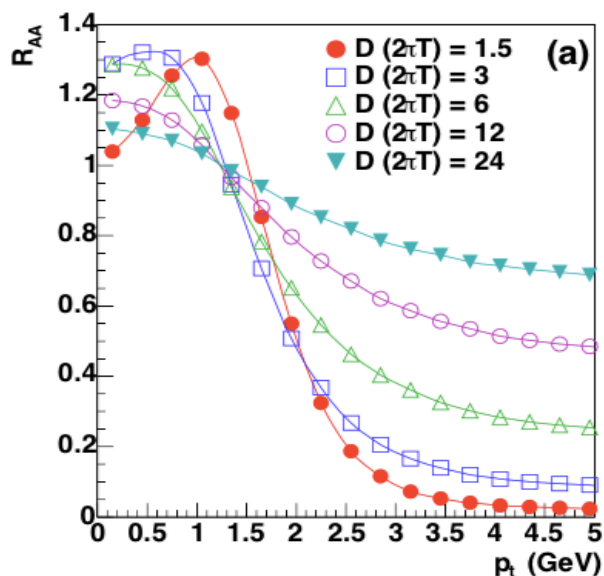
- Follow Langevin equation

- $D_s$  (diffusion coefficient)  $\propto 1/\eta_D$  (drag coefficient)  $\frac{d\vec{p}}{dt} = -\eta_D(p)\vec{p} + \xi^{\vec{r}}$

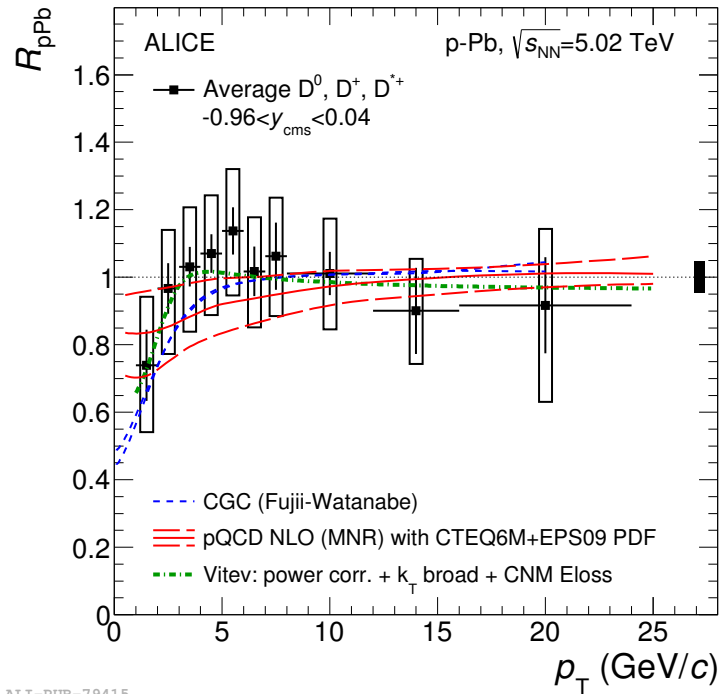
- Sensitive to QGP transport coefficient

- A small value of  $D_s$   $\rightarrow$  strong coupling

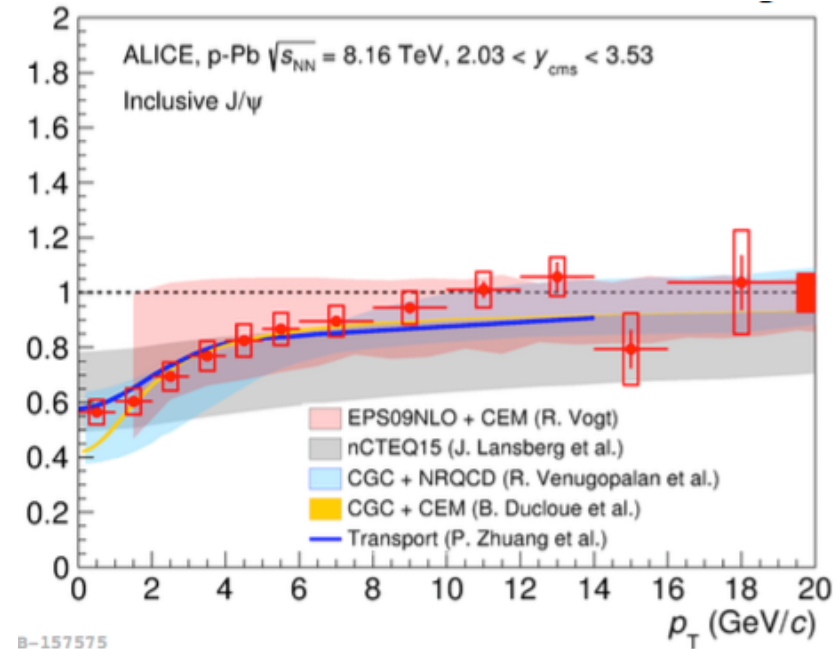
- Large  $R_{AA}$  &  $v_2$  of heavy flavours indicate strong coupling with medium



# nPDF: Heavy flavour production in pA (1)



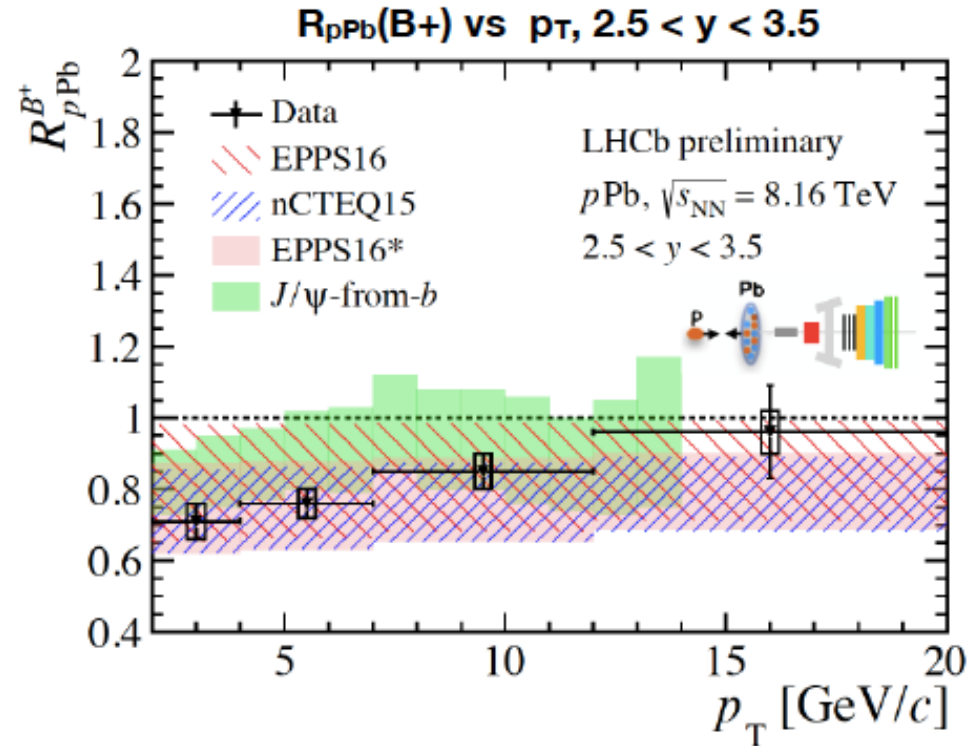
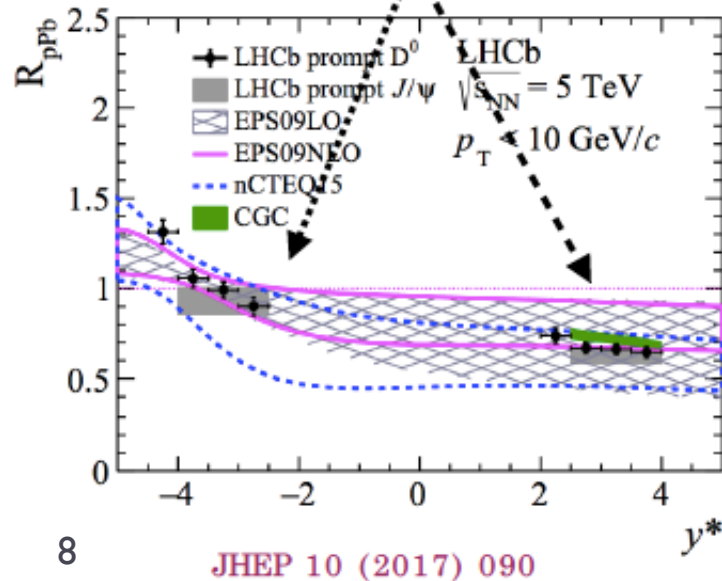
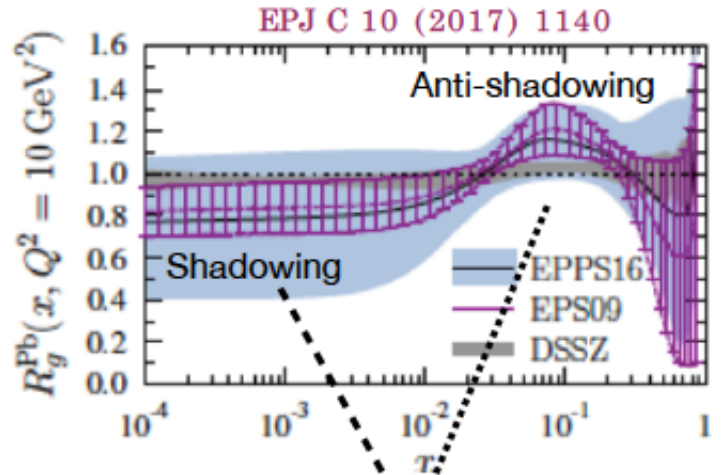
ALI-PUB-79415



B-157575

- Low  $p_T$  : Possibly modify of charm production due to shadowing in nPDF or CGC
  - More clear in J/ $\psi$  production in  $2 < y < 3.5$
- High  $p_T$  : no modification of the productions

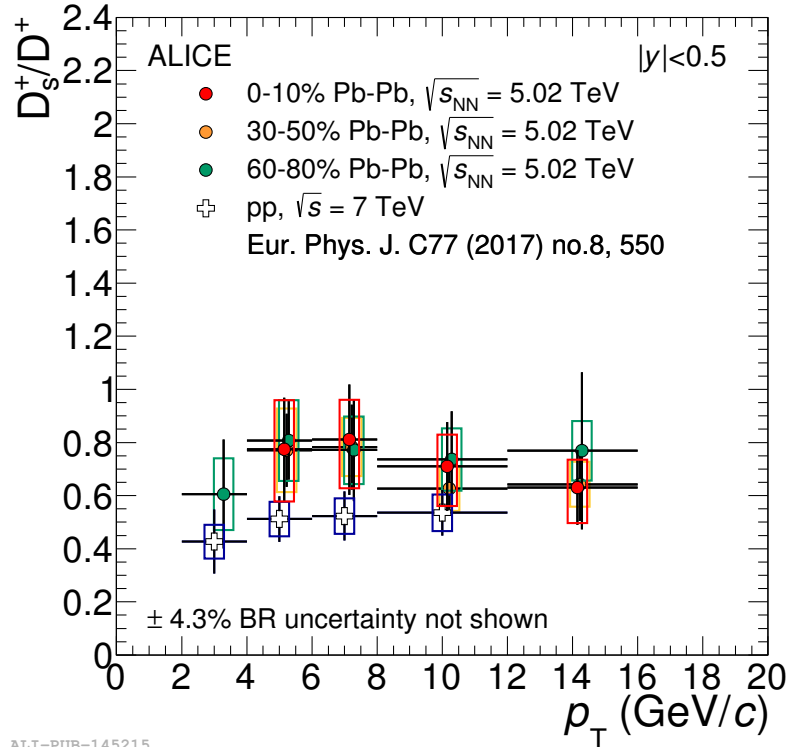
# nPDF: Heavy flavour production in pA (2)



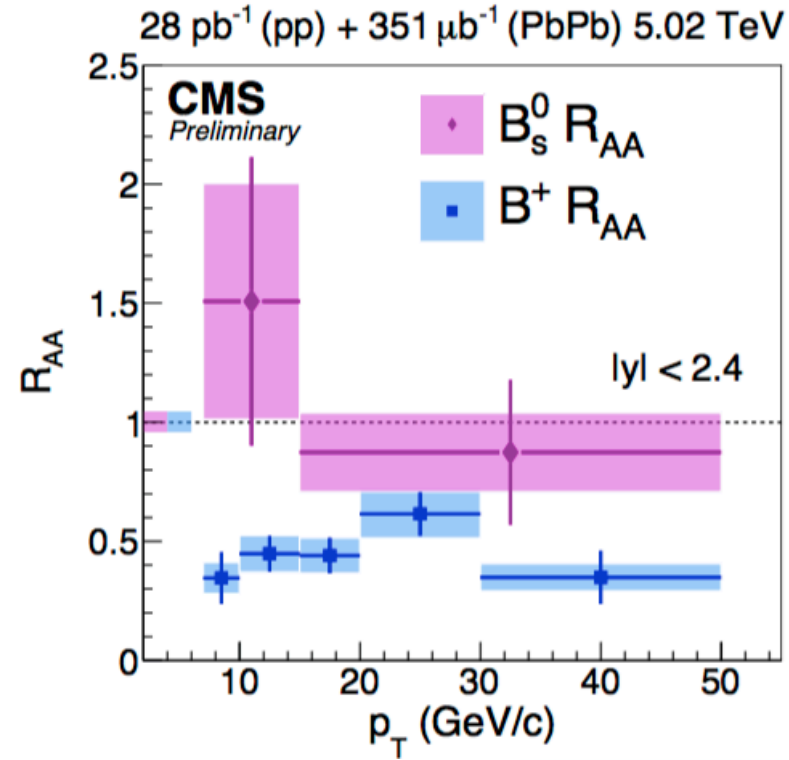
- Indicate the effect from shadowing in  $2 < y < 4$ , and Anti-shadowing in  $-2 < y < -4$  on  $D^0$  production
- Suppression of B production is also observed



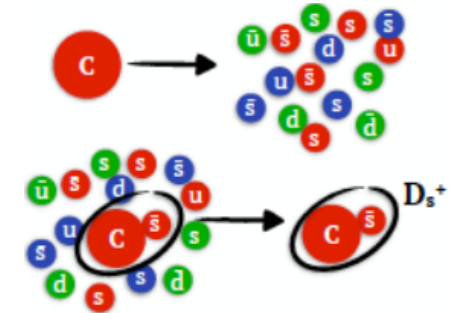
# Hadronization: $D_s$ and $B_s$ productions in AA



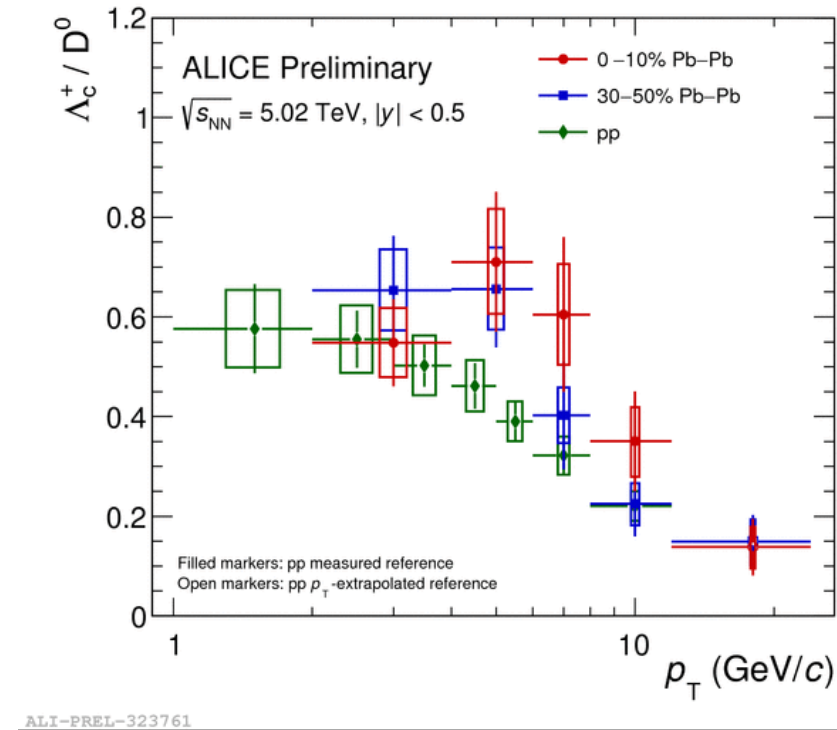
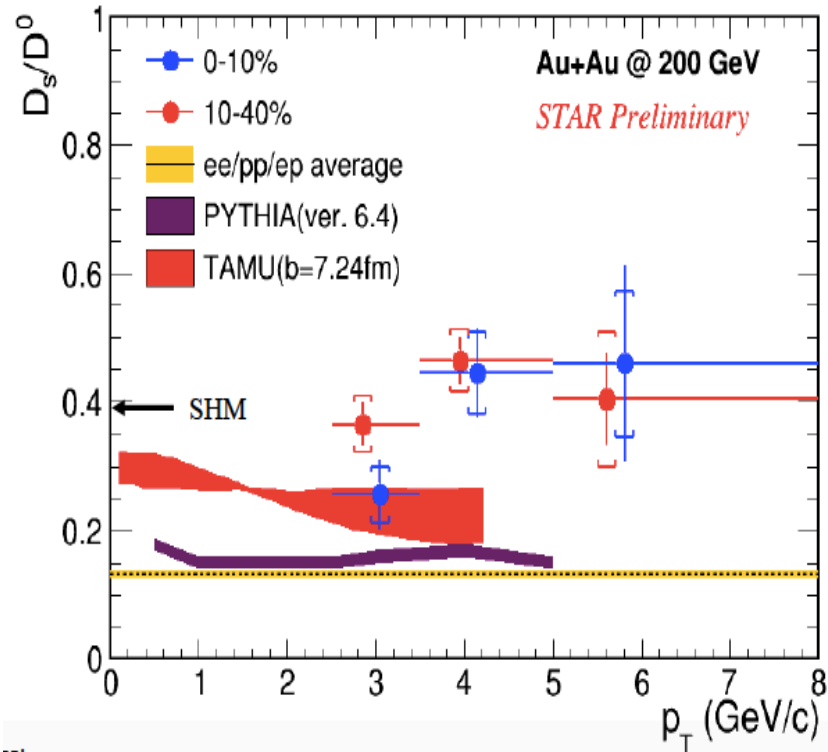
ALI-PUB-145215



- $D_s$  and  $B_s$  productions in Pb-Pb are enhanced w.r.t. their productions in pp
- Indicate a contribution of coalesce mechanisms to charm hadron formation in the medium



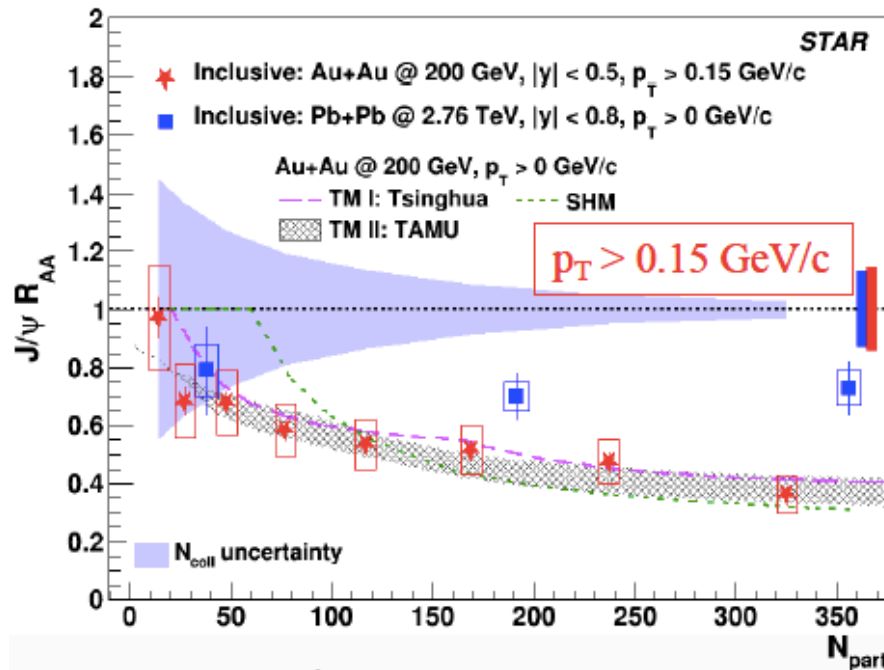
# Hadronization: $\Lambda_c$ production in AA



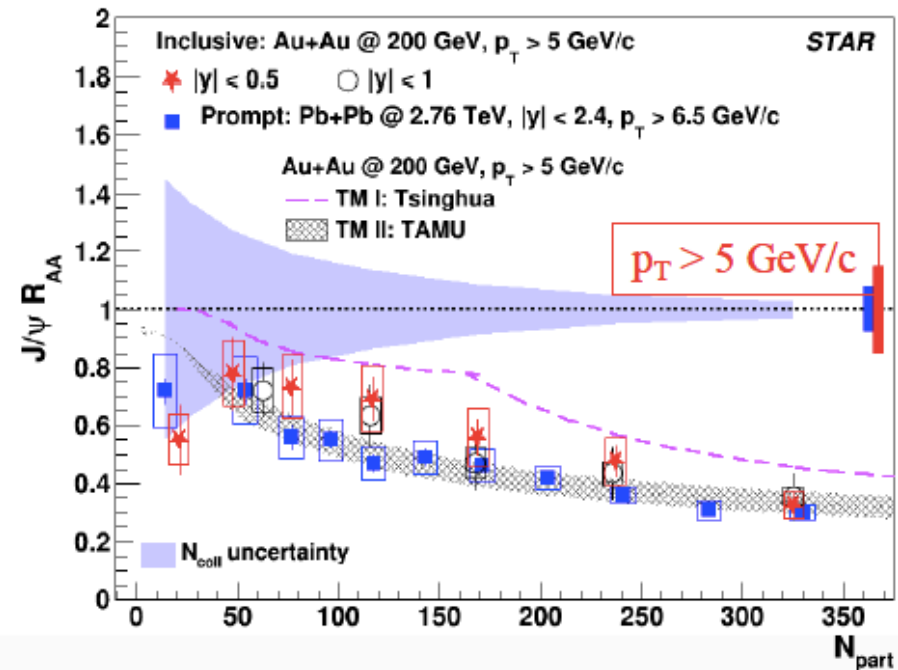
- $\Lambda_c$  production in Au+Au and Pb-Pb is enhanced w.r.t. in pp collisions
- Indicate coalesce mechanisms play a role in charm hadronization

# Hadronization: $J/\Psi$ production in AA

arXiv:1905.13669, submitted to P.L.B

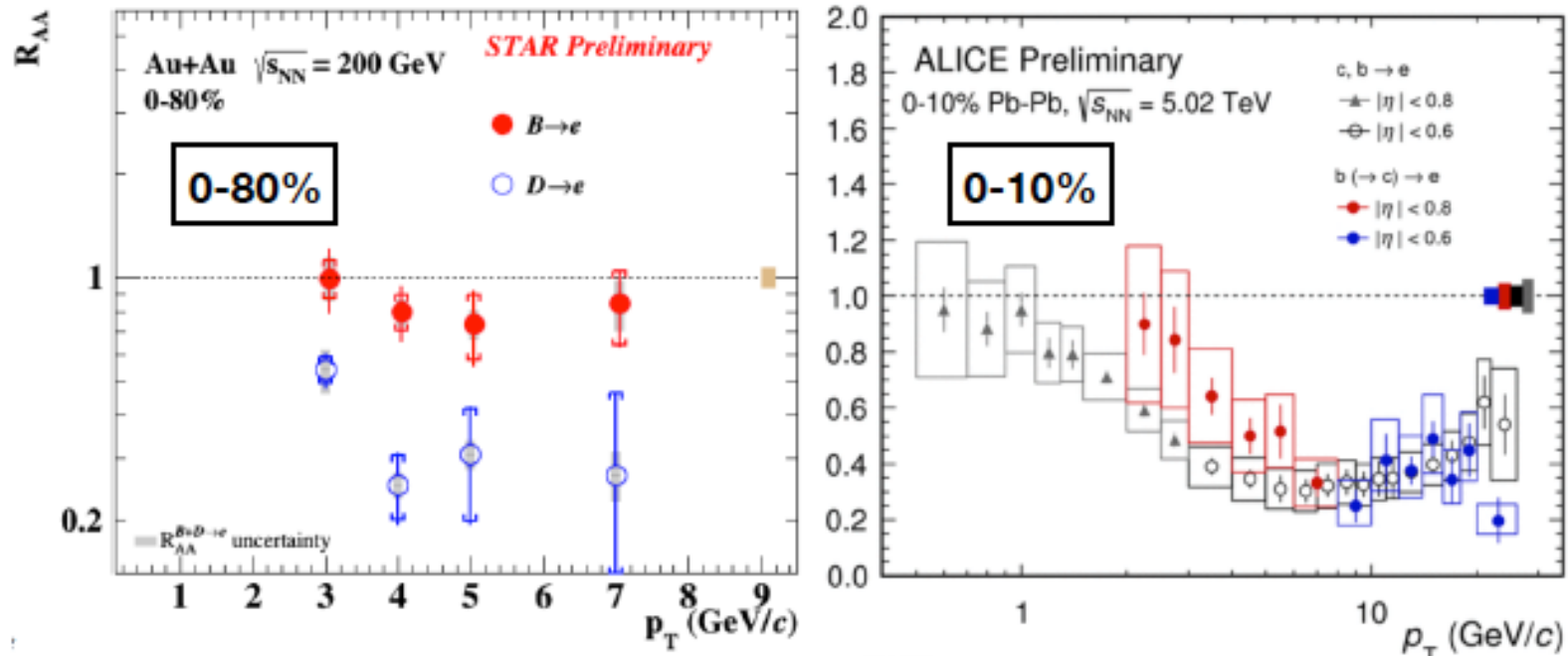


Inclusive  $J/\psi$  from STAR



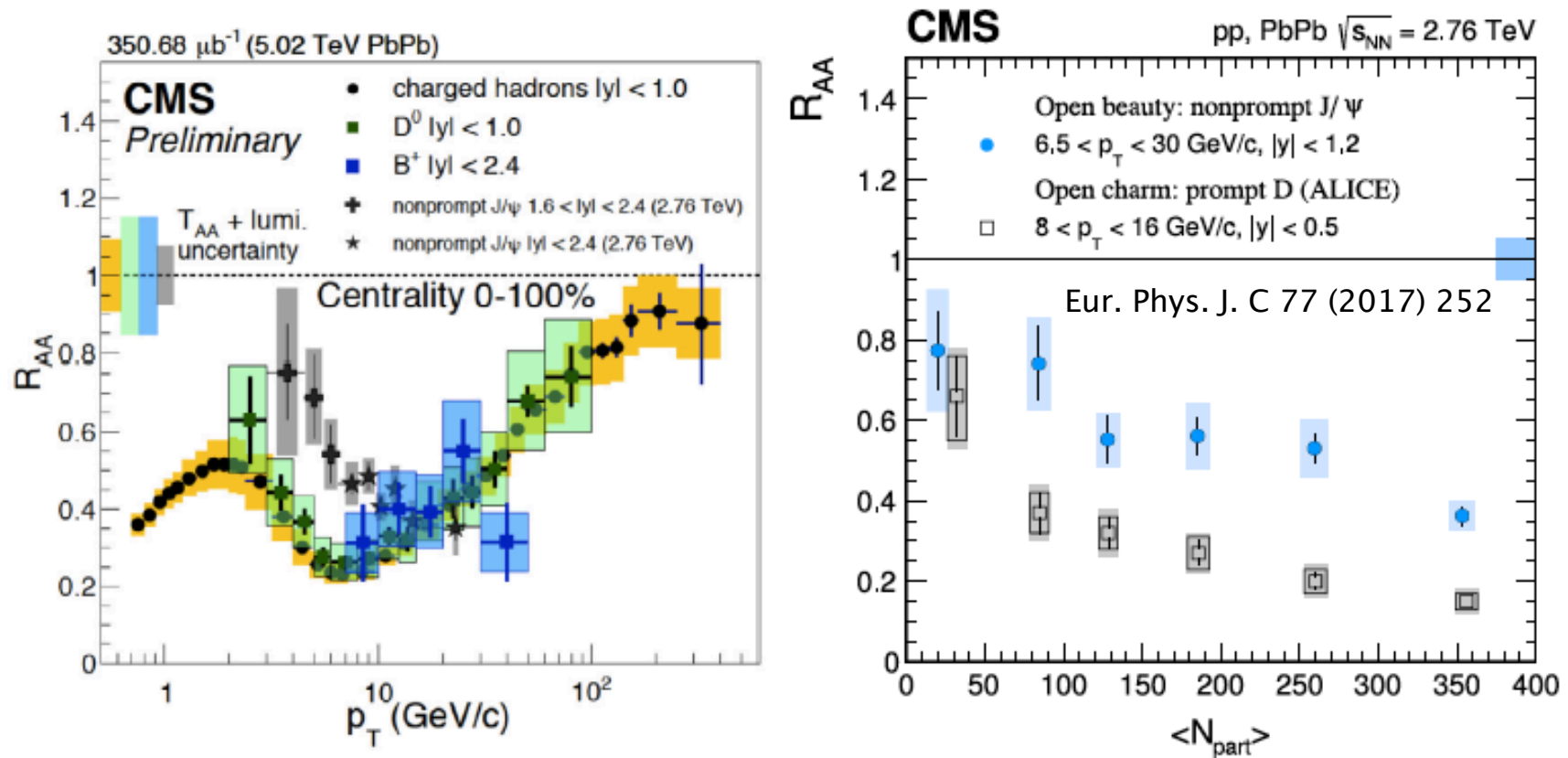
- $J/\Psi$  production in RHIC (Au+Au 200 GeV) and LHC (Pb-Pb 2.76 TeV)
  - LHC result higher than RHIC result in low  $p_T$
  - Indicate regeneration is important process of  $J/\Psi$  production in LHC

# Energy loss: charm vs. beauty (1)



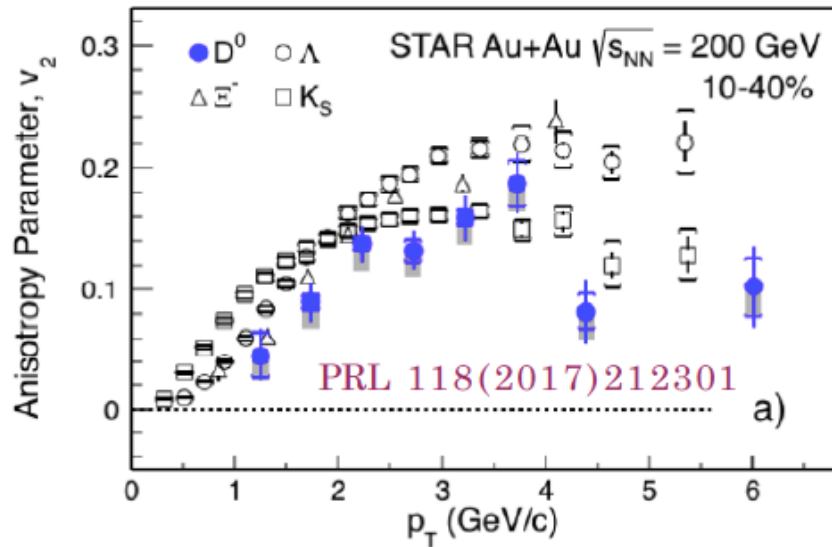
- $R_{AA}$  of  $b \rightarrow e$  is larger than  $c \rightarrow e$  in low  $p_T$ 
  - Indicate smaller energy loss of beauty than charm in low  $p_T$
- Similar suppression of beauty and charm in  $p_T > 10$  GeV/c

# Energy loss: charm vs. beauty (2)

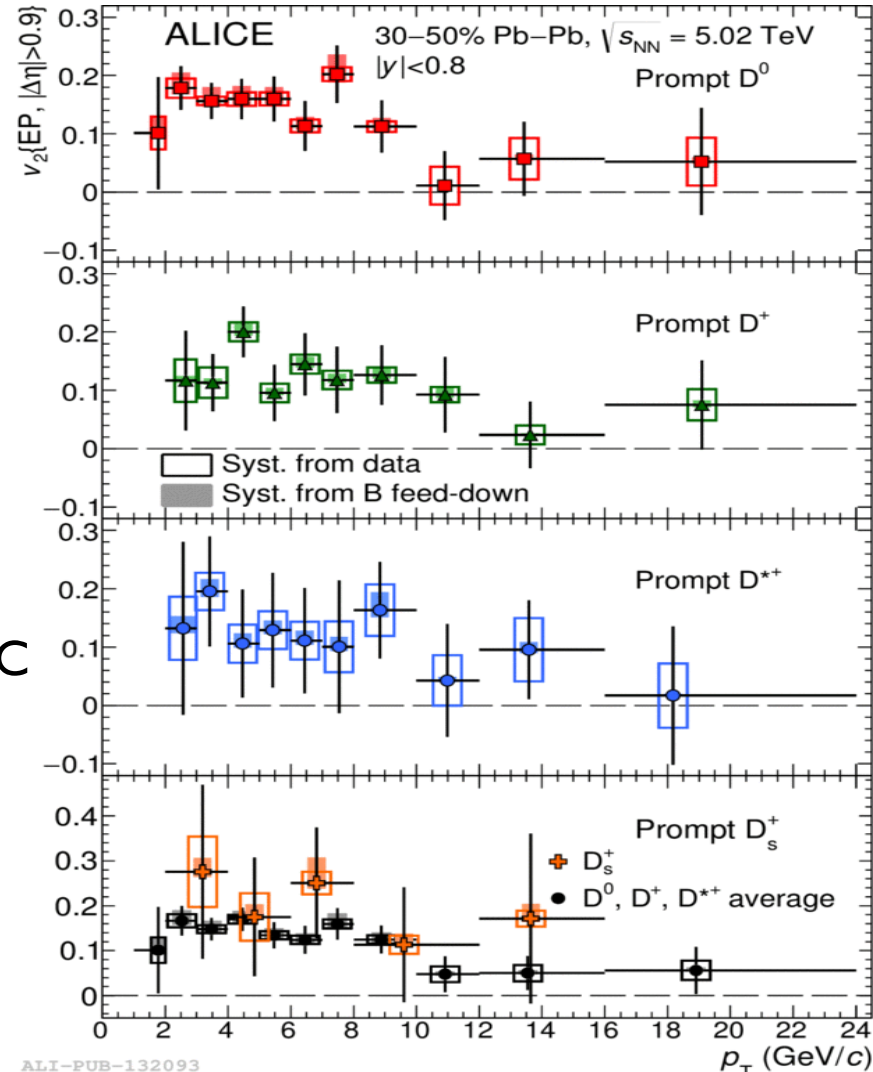


- $R_{AA}$  : mass ordering up to 10 GeV/c
- Above 10 GeV/c,  $R_{AA}$  for charged particles, D ( $J/\psi$ ) and B are similar

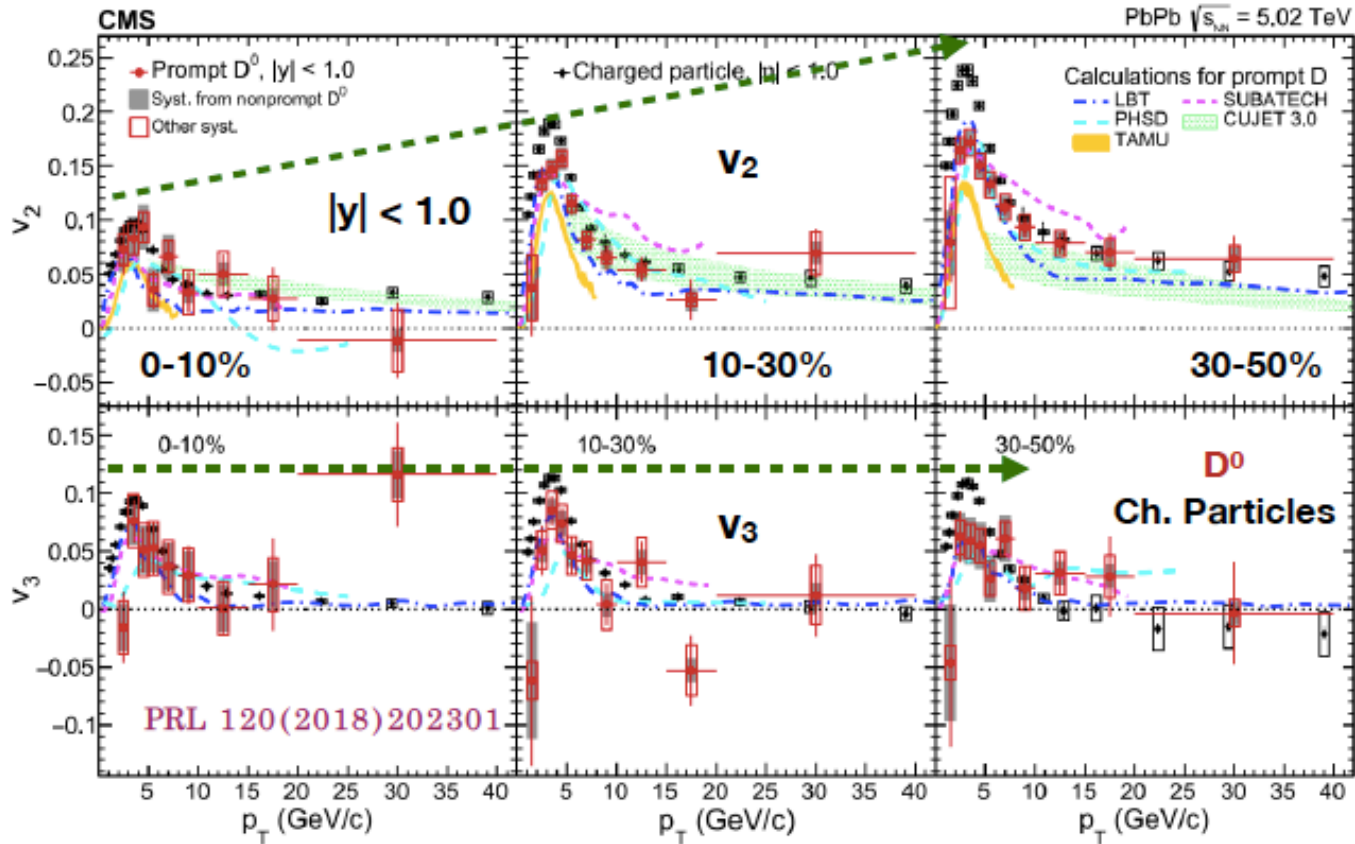
# Collective motion: D meson $v_2$ (1)



- Non-zero  $v_2$  observed both RHIC and LHC
  - Charm quark participate collective motion
- Smaller  $v_2$  of D mesons w.r.t.  $v_2$  for  $\Lambda$ ,  $K_S$ 
  - Mass ordering

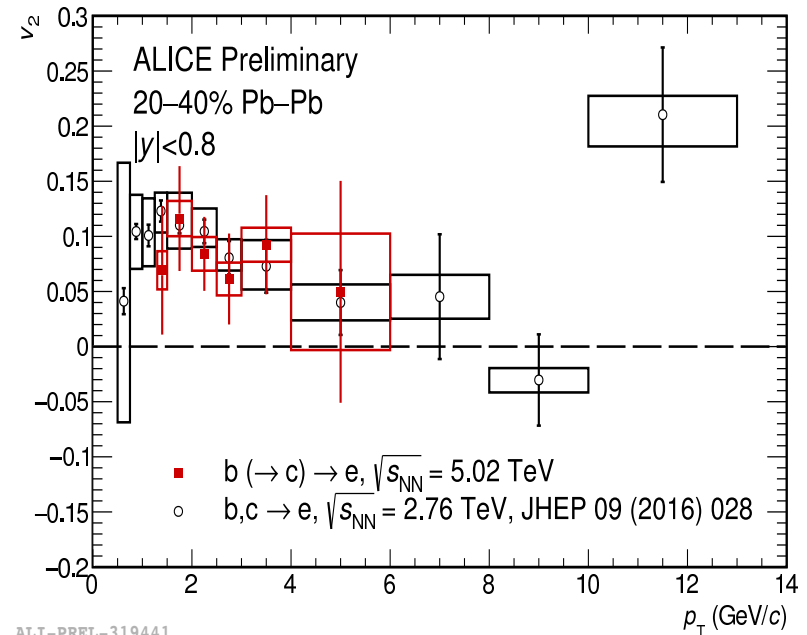
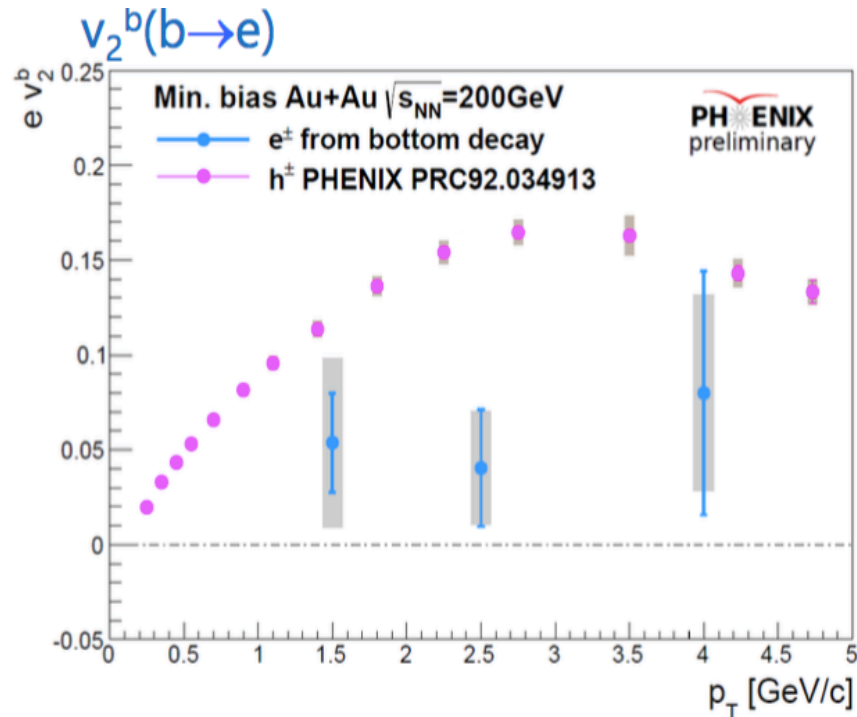


# Collective motion: D meson $v_2$ (2)



- $v_2$  increase with centrality (central to semi-central)
  - Hydro dynamical behavior
- $v_3$  : centrality independent
- Models : include initial-state fluctuation (LBT, PHSD & SUBATECH)

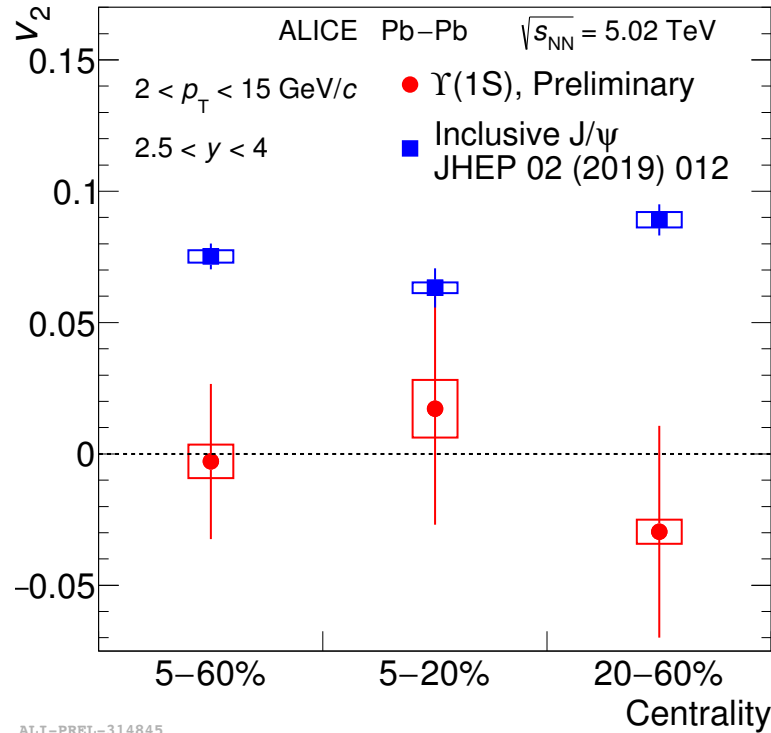
# Collective motion: beauty (open)



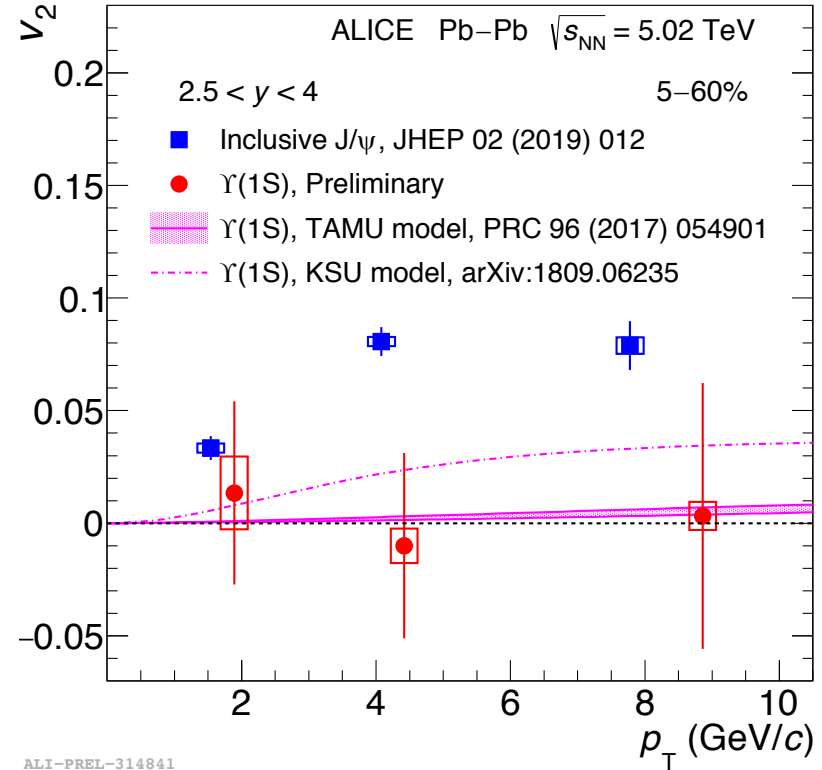
- Smaller  $v_2$  of  $b \rightarrow e$  w.r.t. inclusive hadron  $v_2$
- Similar  $v_2$  of  $b \rightarrow e$  and  $c \rightarrow e$  ?
  - Need more precise measurement with large data sample (2018)



# Collective motion: charm & beauty (close)



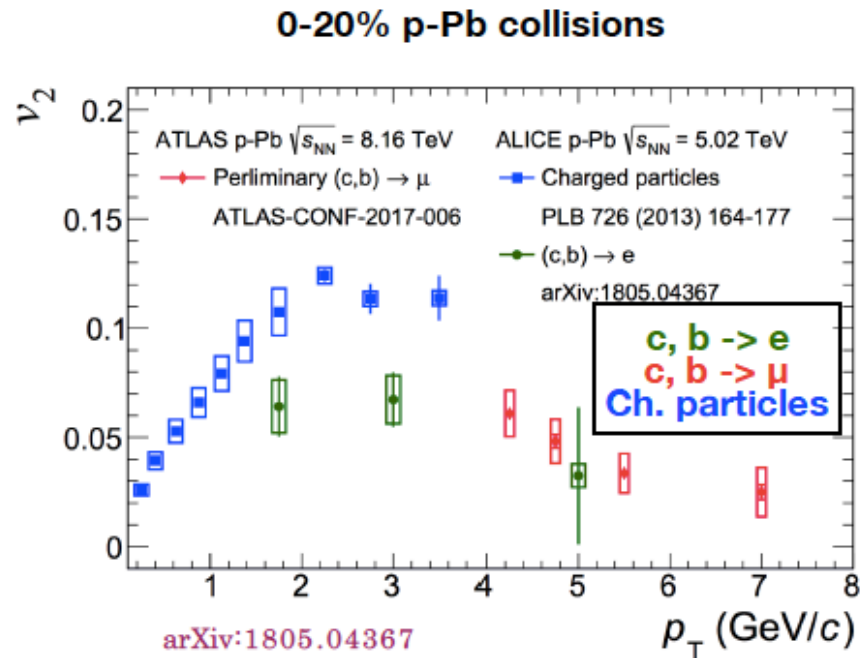
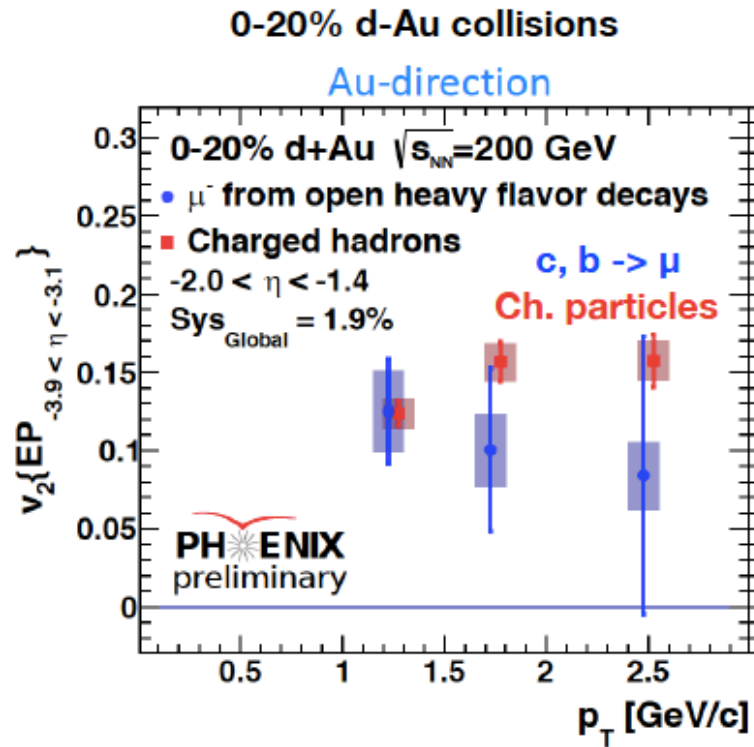
ALI-PREL-314845



ALI-PREL-314841

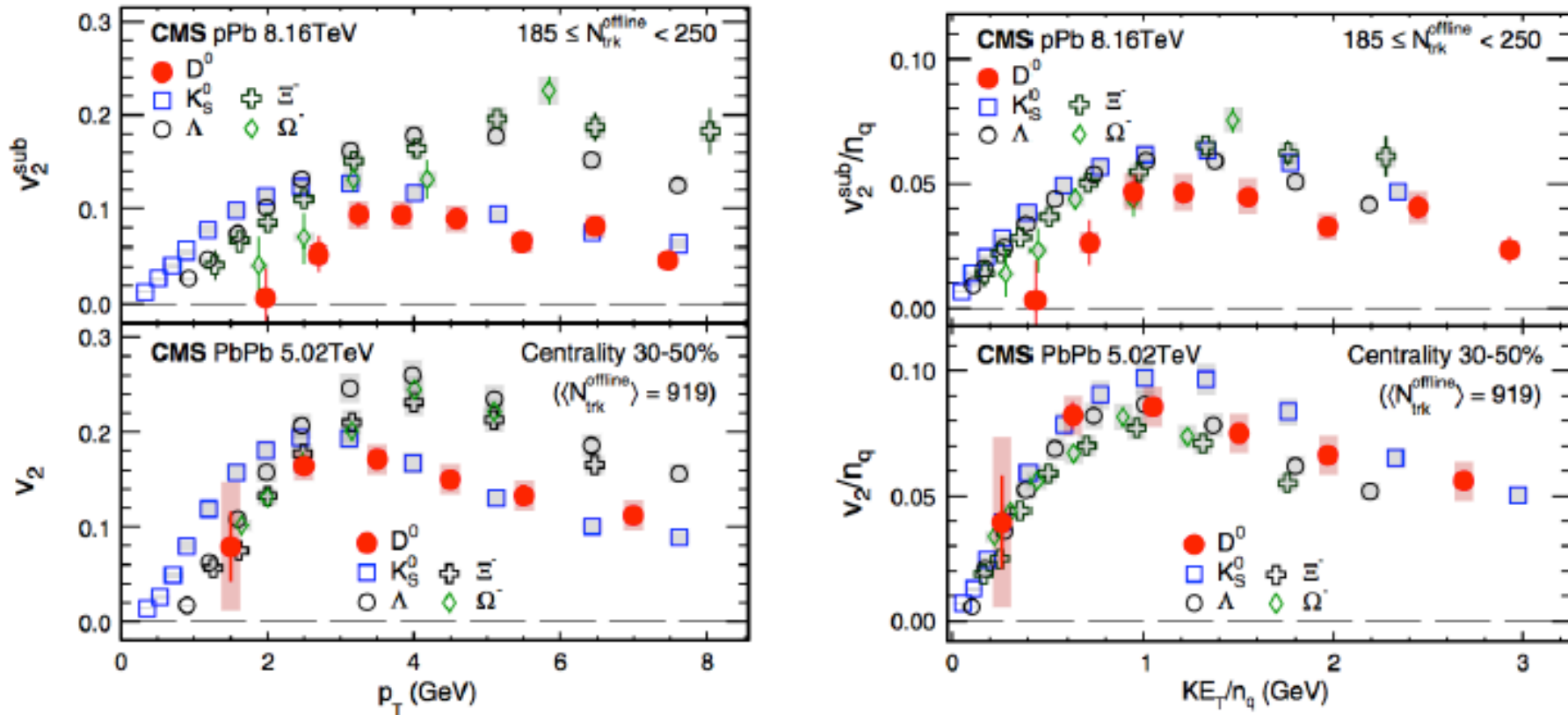
- Comparison of J/ $\psi$   $v_2$  (charm) and  $\Upsilon$   $v_2$  (beauty)
  - Smaller  $\Upsilon$   $v_2$  than J/ $\psi$   $v_2$
  - $\Upsilon$   $v_2$  is consistent with zero

# Collective motion: in pA collisions (1)



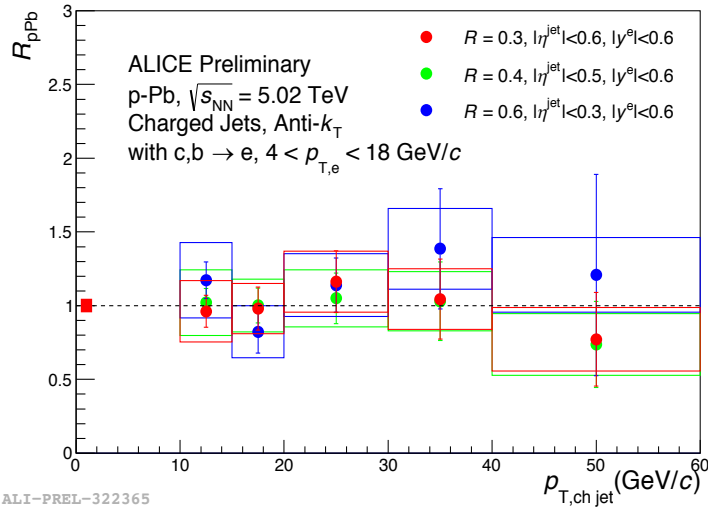
- Observed positive  $v_2$  of heavy flavours (leptonic channel) both RHIC and LHC
  - Smaller  $v_2$  than charged hadron  $v_2$
  - same as AA collisions

# Collective motion: in pA collisions (2)

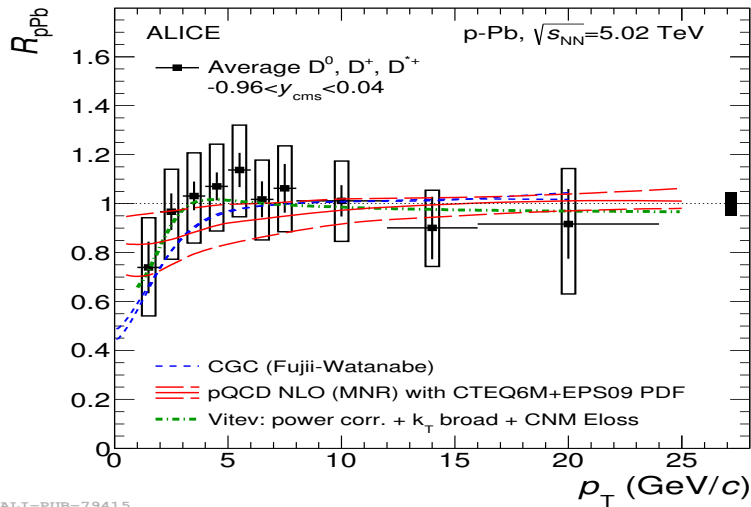


- Observed positive  $v_2$  of D meson in p-Pb collisions
- The number of quark scaling doesn't work in D meson  $v_2$  in p-Pb
  - Indicate smaller  $v_2$  of charm quark in p-Pb

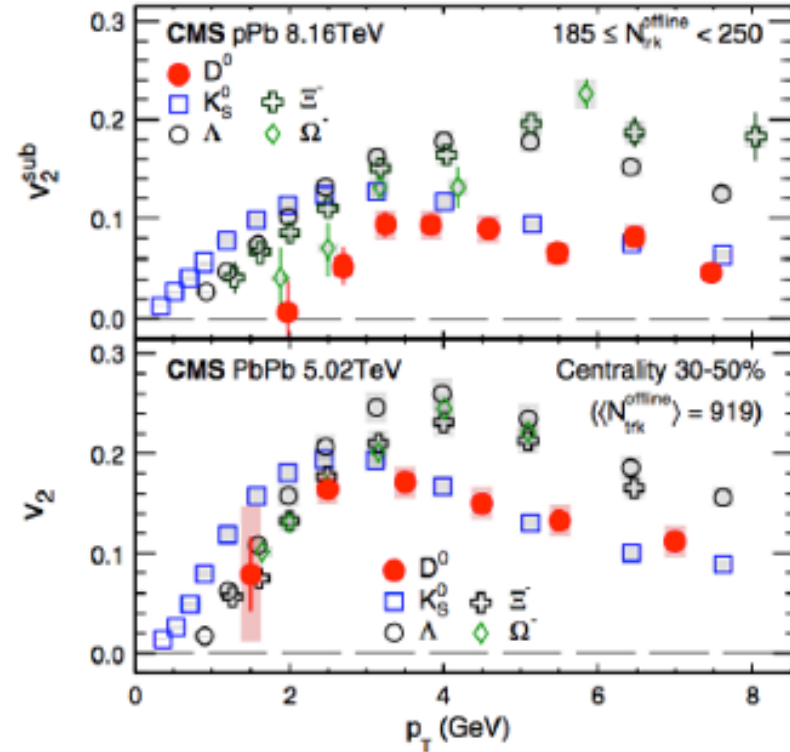
# QGP in small system ?



ALI-PREL-322365

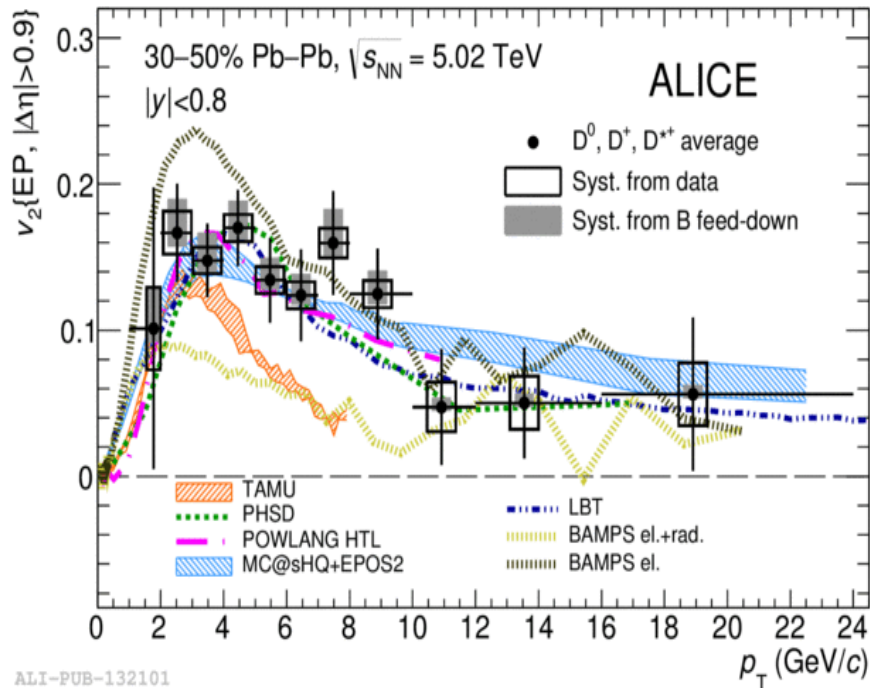


ALI-PUB-79415

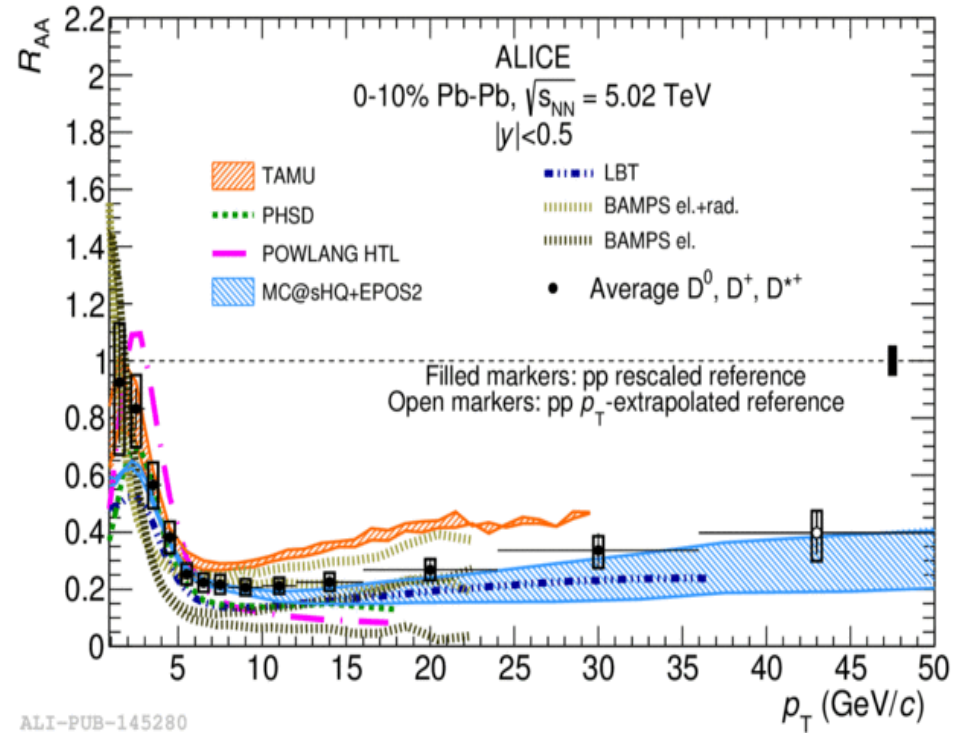


- $v_2$  has been thought to be a signal of QGP
- Not observed suppression of HF production and modification of HF jet in pA collisions so far.

# Comparison with models (1)

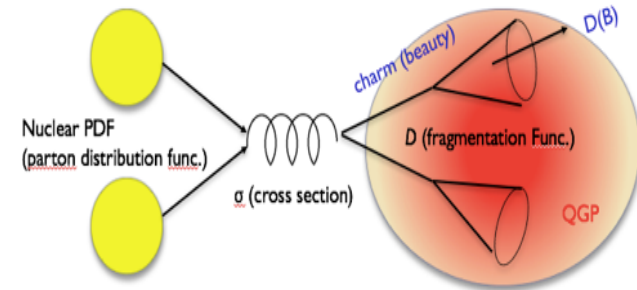


ALI-PUB-132101



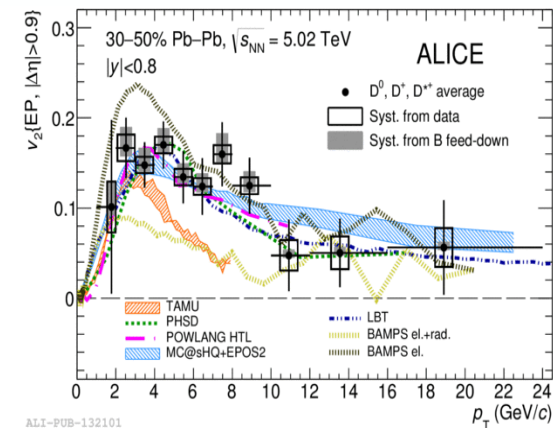
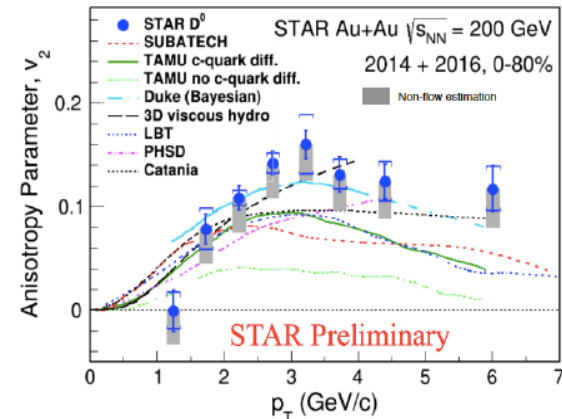
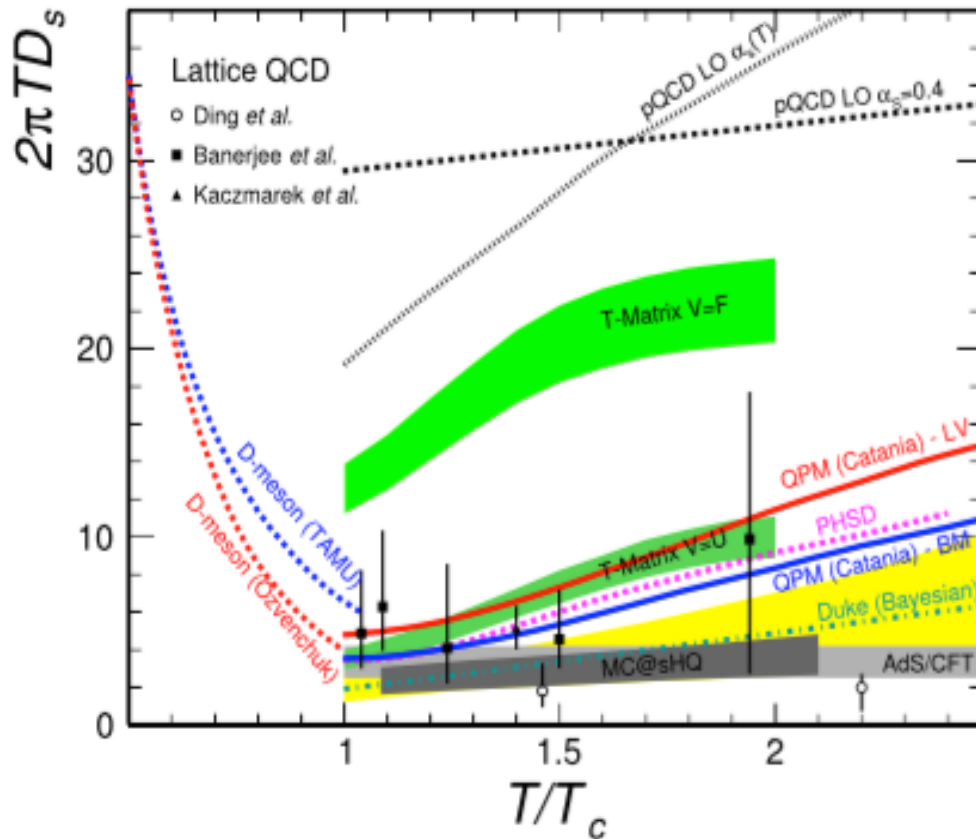
ALI-PUB-145280

- Model calculations for heavy-flavour  $R_{AA}$  &  $v_2$ 
  - Nuclear PDF : with/without PDF
  - Cross section : PYTHIA, FONLL, MC@NLO ...
  - Medium modeling : Hydro, Glauber, Boltzmann ...
  - Interaction : collisional and/or radiative
  - Hadronization : fragmentation and/or recombination



# Comparison with models (2)

X. Dong, V. Greco / Progress in Particle and Nuclear Physics 104 (2019) 97–141



■ Sensitivity to charm diffusion coefficient  $2\pi TD_s$  as a function of  $T/T_c$

# Summary

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- ▶ **Heavy flavour production in low  $p_T$  is sensitive to**
  - ▶ **Gluon nPDF**
    - ▶ Suppression of low  $p_T$  HF production in pA
    - ▶ Effect from shadowing in  $2 < y < 4$  and Anti-shadowing in  $-2 < y < -4$
  - ▶ **hadronization (fragmentation vs. recombination)**
    - ▶ Enhancement of Ds, Bs,  $\Lambda_c$  and  $J/\psi$ 
      - Indicate recombination process for heavy flavour hadronization
  - ▶ **Energy loss (collisional energy loss) & collective motion**
    - ▶ Strong suppression of particles from charm and beauty
    - ▶ Positive  $v_2$  of particles from charm and beauty
      - Indicate mass ordering energy loss &  $v_2$  in low  $p_T$
      - Models with small Ds (diffusion coefficient) reproduce  $R_{AA}$  and  $v_2$