

## The study of resonant states in $^{12}\text{C}$ via $^{12}\text{C} + \text{nucleon}$ scattering

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In carbon isotopes, the cluster structure is developed and some excited resonant states regarded as gaslike state of  $\alpha$  particles appears. For example, the resonant state called the Hoyle state in  $^{12}\text{C}$  is important in the process of the nucleosynthesis. It is very important to study the excited states in  $^{12}\text{C}$  including the Hoyle state, especially resonant states. In the previous works, there are many experiments to probe those states. However, not only resonant states, but also non-resonant states are included in the data from the experiments, so we need to get only information of resonant states.

In our study, we analyze  $^{12}\text{C} + \text{nucleon}$  scattering to understand the effects of the resonant and non-resonant states in  $^{12}\text{C}$ . We adapt the complex scaling method (CSM) for the description of the resonant states, and calculate the cross sections with the four-body CDCC method. In the CDCC calculation, we use the JLM potential, which is the optical-model potential and we consider the  $0^+$ ,  $1^-$ , and  $2^+$  states of  $^{12}\text{C}$ .

In this conference, we report the results of the breakup cross sections, and discuss the effects of the resonant and non-resonant states in  $^{12}\text{C}$ .

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